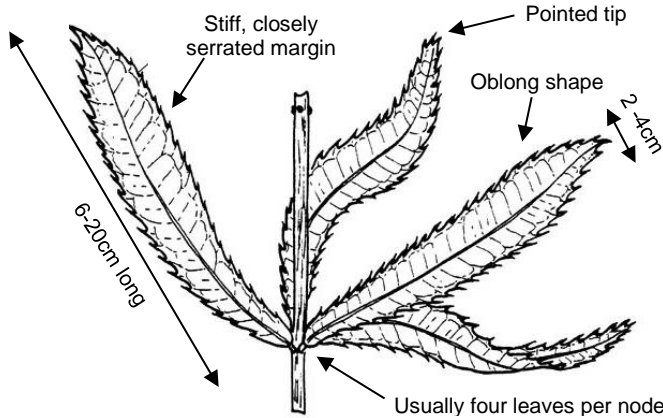


Rough-shelled Macadamia (*Macadamia tetraphylla*) is a medium, evergreen tree growing to 18m high. It is densely branched and bushy and produces edible nuts. Although used in cultivation, it is Vulnerable<sup>1</sup> in the wild.

### LEAF ARRANGEMENT



Leaves are oblong, with no leaf stalk, and usually arranged with 4 leaves per node (sometimes 3 or 5). Leaf edges are prickly, and the leaf tip is pointed.

### FLOWERS



Creamy pink to purple flowers hang in long clusters from August to September.

### LEAVES

#### MATURE LEAVES



Mature leaves are green with a leathery texture.

#### YOUNG LEAVES



Young leaves are bright red, soft and coarsely serrated.

### FRUIT



Nuts mature March to April and fall to the ground when ripe. The nut shell is rough and thick.

### WHERE IS IT NATURALLY FOUND?



Rainforests of coastal ranges and valleys, from Mt Cotton in South East Queensland to the Richmond River in northern New South Wales

Proudly supported by



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For more information

- [www.hlw.org.au/macadamias](http://www.hlw.org.au/macadamias)
- [www.environment.gov.au/biodiversity](http://www.environment.gov.au/biodiversity)
- [www.wildmacadamias.org.au](http://www.wildmacadamias.org.au)

References

- <sup>1</sup>Commonwealth Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999 and Queensland Nature Conservation Act 1992.
- Stanley, T.D. and Ross, E.M. 2002. Flora of South-eastern Queensland Volume 2. Queensland Department of Primary Industries, Brisbane
- Harden, G., McDonald, B. and Williams, J. 2006. Rainforest Trees and Shrubs: A Field Guide to their Identification. Gwen Harden Publishing, Nambucca Heads